

# MATH 319, Fall 2013, Assignment 10

## Textbook Questions

**Section 7.5, #3** Find the general solution of the given system of equations and describe the behavior of the solution as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ . Also draw the direction field and plot a few trajectories of the system:

$$\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$$

**#16** Solve the initial value problem and describe the behavior of the solution as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ .

$$\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ -5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}, \quad \mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

**#21** The system  $t\mathbf{x}' = A\mathbf{x}$  is analogous to the second order Euler equation (Section 5.4). Assuming that  $\mathbf{x} = \xi t^r$ , where  $\xi$  is a constant vector, then  $\xi$  and  $r$  must satisfy  $(A - rI)\xi = \mathbf{0}$  in order to obtain nontrivial solutions of the given differential equation. Use this observation to solve the following system of differential equations.

$$t\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$$

**Section 7.6, #9** Find the solution of the given initial value problem then describe the behavior of the solution as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ .

$$\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}, \quad \mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Section 7.7, #6** Find a fundamental matrix  $\Psi(t)$  of the following given system of equations. Then find the fundamental matrix  $\Phi(t)$  satisfying  $\Phi(0) = I$ .

$$\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -4 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$$

**#12** Solve the initial value problem

$$\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -4 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}, \quad \mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

by using the fundamental matrix  $\Phi(t)$  found in Problem 6.

**Section 7.8, #7(a)** Find the solution of the given initial value problem.

$$\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 \\ 4 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}, \quad \mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Section 7.9, #5** Find the general solution of the given system of equations.

$$\mathbf{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 8 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} t^{-3} \\ -t^{-2} \end{bmatrix}, \quad t > 0.$$